



NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Session 2019

Legislative Actuarial Note

Health Benefits

Short Title: Retirement Tech./ Protect./ & Other Changes.
Bill Number: Proposed Committee Substitute to Senate Bill 719 (S719-CSSHp-36 [v.6])
Sponsor(s):

SUMMARY TABLE

ACTUARIAL IMPACT OF S719-CSSHp-36 [v.6] (\$ in thousands)

	<u>FY 2020-21</u>	<u>FY 2021-22</u>	<u>FY 2022-23</u>	<u>FY 2023-24</u>	<u>FY 2024-25</u>
State Impact					
State Health Plan Net Loss	-	-	-	-	-
NET STATE IMPACT	-	-	-	-	-

The impact of section 2.2 is indeterminable. See below for further detail.

ACTUARIAL IMPACT SUMMARY

Sections 1.5, 1.17, and 2.2 have potential actuarial impacts on the State Health Plan (Plan).

Section 1.5: Specifies that the Plan is not required to enroll individual firefighters, rescue squad workers, and members of the National Guard if their enrollment may jeopardize the Plan's tax-exempt status as a governmental plan. The Segal Company, the consulting actuary for the Plan, and Hartman & Associates, the consulting actuary for the General Assembly, both estimate that this section will have negligible financial impact on the Plan.

Section 1.17: Confirms that local government participation in the Plan is irrevocable. Both actuaries estimate that this section will have negligible financial impact on the Plan.

Section 2.2: Directs certain rebates received by the Department of State Treasurer on supplemental voluntary insurance benefits to the Unfunded Liability Solvency Reserve, which is used to provide additional contributions to the Retiree Health Benefit Fund, the State's Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) trust. This section also allows the State Treasurer to transfer to the Retiree Health Benefit Fund up to 25% of the unencumbered balance remaining in the Plan's cash reserves after providing for incurred but unrepresented claims and specifies that funds in the Unfunded Liability Solvency Reserve do not revert to the General Fund. The amount of cash reserves to be transferred could exceed \$100 million, but will depend on decisions by the State Treasurer and Board of Trustees. Both actuaries state that the impact of this section cannot be



determined, but the section could impact the Net OPEB Liability and future contribution requirements for the Plan.

ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODOLOGY

The actuarial analyses used by each respective consulting actuary are on file with the Fiscal Research Division. Copies of each respective consulting actuary's analysis, including assumptions, are also attached to the original copy of this Legislative Actuarial note.

Summary Information and Data about the State Health Plan (Plan)

The Plan administers health benefit coverage for active employees from employing units of State agencies and departments, universities, local public schools, and local community colleges. Eligible retired employees of authorized employing units may also access health benefit coverage under the Plan. Eligible dependents of active and retired employees are authorized to participate in the Plan provided they meet certain requirements. Employees and retired employees of selected local governments and charter schools may also participate in the Plan under certain conditions.

The State finances the Plan on a self-funded basis and administers benefit coverage under a Preferred Provider Option (PPO) arrangement, with the exception of many Medicare-eligible retirees who are in fully-insured Medicare Advantage plans. The Plan's receipts are derived through premium contributions, investment earnings and other receipts. Premiums for health benefit coverage are paid by (1) employing agencies for active employees, (2) the Retiree Health Benefit Fund for retired employees, and (3) employees and retirees who participate in a plan with a non-zero premium or who elect dependent coverage. Benefit and premium changes are typically effective at January 1. The Plan's PPO benefit design includes two alternative benefit levels listed below:

- 1) The 70/30 Plan that offers higher out-of-pocket requirements in return for lower employee and retiree premiums, and
- 2) The 80/20 Plan that offers lower out-of-pocket requirements with higher employee and retiree premiums.

Medicare-eligible retirees are offered three alternative plans:

- 1) The 70/30 Plan as coverage secondary to Medicare for medical services plus a pharmacy benefit plan,
- 2) "Base" Medicare Advantage Prescription Drug Plan (MA-PDP) from United Healthcare, that is actuarially equivalent to the 80/20 Plan and applies in-network out-of-pocket requirements at out-of-network providers
- 3) "Enhanced" MA-PDP, identical to the "Base" MA-PDP, except with lower co-pays and higher retiree premiums



The following tables provide a summary of the most common monthly premium rates for the Plan in 2019:

Active Employees and Non-Medicare Retirees (if Fully Subsidized)

	Employer Share	Employee/Retiree Share Complete Tobacco Attestation	Do Not Complete Attestation
70/30 Plan	\$519	\$25 *	\$85 *
80/20 Plan	\$159	\$50	\$110

* \$0 for Non-Medicare Retirees

Medicare Retirees (if Fully Subsidized)

Medicare Advantage Plans

	Employer Share	Employee/Retiree Share
MA-PDP Base Plan	\$403	\$0
MA-PDP Enhanced Plan	\$403	\$63

Alternate Plan

	Employer Share	Employee/Retiree Share
Traditional 70/30 Plan	\$403	\$0

Dependents (paid by employee/retiree in addition to premiums above)

	All Dependents are Non-Medicare		One or More Medicare Dependents		
	70/30 Plan	80/20 Plan	MA-PDP Base	MA-PDP Enhanced	70/30 Plan
Employee/Retiree + Children	\$193	\$255	\$89	\$152	\$155
Employee/Retiree + Spouse	\$565	\$650	\$89	\$152	\$425
Employee/Retiree + Family	\$573	\$670	\$178	\$304	\$444

The employer share of premiums for retirees is paid from the Retiree Health Benefit Fund. During FY 2018-19, employers contribute 6.27% of active employee payroll into the Fund. Total contributions for the year are projected to be approximately \$1,096 million.

Financial Condition

Projected Results for CY 2019 and CY 2020 – The following summarizes projected financial results for 2019 and 2020, based on financial experience through September 2018. The projection assumes a 7.0% annual claims growth trend for medical claims, a 9.5% trend for pharmacy claims, benefit provisions and member-paid premiums as adopted by the Board for 2019, Medicare-based provider pricing beginning in 2020, and 4% employer premium increases in 2020.

	(\$ millions)	
	Projected CY 2019	Projected CY 2020
Beginning Cash Balance	\$1,056.7	\$1,079.0
Receipts:		
Net Premium Collections	\$3,690.6	\$3,841.9
Medicare Subsidies	\$10.3	\$10.4
Investment Earnings	\$9.3	\$9.4
Total	\$3,710.1	\$3,861.7
Disbursements:		
Net Medical Claim Payment Expenses	\$2,533.7	\$2,530.9
Net Pharmacy Claim Payment Expenses	\$767.7	\$842.9
Medicare Advantage Premiums	\$171.4	\$239.2
Administration and Claims-Processing Expenses	\$215.0	\$207.1
Total	\$3,687.8	\$3,820.1
Net Operating Income (Loss)	\$22.3	\$41.6

Of the premiums paid in CY 2019, an estimated \$2.4 billion is derived from General Fund sources and an estimated \$0.1 billion is derived from Highway Fund sources.

Other Information

Additional assumptions include Medicare benefit “carve-outs,” cost containment strategies including prior approval for certain medical services, utilization of the “Blue Options” provider network in 2019 and Medicare-based pricing in 2020 and beyond, case and disease management for selected medical conditions, mental health case management, coordination of benefits with other payers, a prescription drug benefit manager with manufacturer rebates from formularies, fraud detection, and other authorized actions by the State Treasurer, Executive Administrator, and Board of Trustees to manage the Plan to maintain and improve the Plan's operation and financial condition where possible. Medical claim costs are expected to increase at a rate of 7.0% annually and pharmacy claim costs are expected to increase at a rate of 9.5% annually according to assumptions adopted by the Board of Trustees. The active population is projected to remain unchanged, the pre-Medicare retiree population is projected to decrease by 1% per year and the Medicare-eligible retiree population is projected to increase by 3% per year.



Enrollment as of January 1, 2019

		Traditional 70/30	Enhanced 80/20	Medicare Advantage	Total	Percent of Total
I. No. of Participants						
<u>Actives</u>						
Employees		112,490	192,987	-	305,477	41.6%
Dependents		77,656	99,369	-	177,025	24.1%
Sub-total		190,146	292,356	-	482,502	65.8%
<u>Retired</u>						
Employees		44,013	23,411	140,834	208,258	28.4%
Dependents		7,674	5,346	11,855	24,875	3.4%
Sub-total		51,687	28,757	152,689	233,133	31.8%
<u>Other</u>						
Employees		3,670	8,195	-	11,865	1.6%
Dependents		2,327	3,704	-	6,031	0.8%
Sub-total		5,997	11,899	-	17,896	2.4%
<u>Total</u>						
Employees		160,173	224,593	140,834	525,600	71.7%
Dependents		87,657	108,419	11,855	207,931	28.3%
Grand Total		247,830	333,012	152,689	733,531	100%
Percent of Total		33.8%	45.4%	20.8%	100.0%	
II. Enrollment by Contract						
		Traditional	Enhanced	MA	Total	
Employee Only		118,022	170,537	128,979	417,538	
Employee Child(ren)		25,632	35,239	215	61,086	
Employee Spouse		4,913	6,366	11,640	22,919	
Employee Family		11,606	12,451		24,057	
Total		160,173	224,593	140,834	525,600	
Percent Enrollment by Contract						
		Traditional	Enhanced	MA	Total	
Employee Only		73.7%	75.9%	91.6%	79.4%	
Employee Child(ren)		16.0%	15.7%	0.2%	11.6%	
Employee Spouse		3.1%	2.8%	8.3%	4.4%	
Employee Family		7.2%	5.5%	0.0%	4.6%	
Total		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
III. Enrollment by Sex						
		Traditional	Enhanced	MA	Total	
Female		141,753	212,564	101,689	456,006	
Male		106,077	120,448	51,000	277,525	
Total		247,830	333,012	152,689	733,531	
Percent Enrollment by Sex						
		Traditional	Enhanced	MA	Total	
Female		57.2%	63.8%	66.6%	62.2%	
Male		42.8%	36.2%	33.4%	37.8%	
Total		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	



IV.	Enrollment by Age	Traditional	Enhanced	MA	Total	
	25 & Under	74,779	94,476	15	169,270	
	26 to 45	64,448	92,523	294	157,265	
	46 to 55	42,687	68,051	1,182	111,920	
	56 to 65	44,009	71,768	13,155	128,932	
	66 & Over	21,907	6,194	138,043	166,144	
	Total	247,830	333,012	152,689	733,531	
	Percent Enrollment by Age	Traditional	Enhanced	MA	Total	
	25 & Under	30.2%	28.4%	0.0%	23.1%	
	26 to 45	26.0%	27.8%	0.2%	21.4%	
	46 to 55	17.2%	20.4%	0.8%	15.3%	
	56 to 65	17.8%	21.6%	8.6%	17.6%	
	66 & Over	8.8%	1.9%	90.4%	22.6%	
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
V.	Retiree Enrollment by Category		Employee	Dependents	Total	
	Non-Medicare Eligible		45,030	12,353	57,383	
	Medicare Eligible in Traditional 70/30		22,394	667	23,061	
	Medicare Eligible in Base MA Plan		121,521	9,094	130,615	
	Medicare Eligible in Enhanced MA Plan		19,313	2,761	22,074	
	Total		208,258	24,875	233,133	
	Percent Enrollment by Category (Retiree)		Employee	Dependents	Total	
	Non-Medicare Eligible		21.6%	49.7%	24.6%	
	Medicare Eligible in Traditional 70/30		10.8%	2.7%	9.9%	
	Medicare Eligible in Base MA Plan		58.4%	36.6%	56.0%	
	Medicare Eligible in Enhanced MA Plan		9.3%	11.1%	9.5%	
	Total		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
VI.	Enrollment By Major Employer Groups		Employees	Dependents	Total	
	State Agencies		65,979	32,602	98,581	
	UNC System		54,857	36,678	91,535	
	Local Public Schools		164,529	95,091	259,620	
	Charter Schools (94 entities)		4,875	3,356	8,231	
	Local Community Colleges		15,237	9,298	24,535	
	Other					
	Local Governments (129 entities)		11,040	5,380	16,420	
	COBRA		825	651	1,476	
	Retirement System		208,258	24,875	233,133	
	Total		525,600	207,931	733,531	
		Percent Enrollment by Major Employer Groups		Employees	Dependents	Total
		State Agencies		12.6%	15.7%	13.4%
UNC System			10.4%	17.6%	12.5%	
Local Public Schools			31.3%	45.7%	35.4%	
Charter Schools			0.9%	1.6%	1.1%	
Local Community Colleges			2.9%	4.5%	3.3%	
Other						
Local Governments			2.1%	2.6%	2.2%	
COBRA			0.2%	0.3%	0.2%	
Retirement System			39.6%	12.0%	31.8%	
Total			100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

TECHNICAL CONSIDERATIONS

N/A.

DATA SOURCES

The Segal Company; baseline financial projections updated through Q3 CY2018; dated January 9, 2019. Filename "CY18 Q3 - Baseline - Final v2.pdf"

-Actuarial Note, Hartman & Associates, "Senate Bill 488: An Act to Require Stress Testing for TSERS, to Make Amendments Relating to the Pension Solvency Fund, and to Make Technical Corrections to Various Retirement Plans and the SHP", April 11, 2019, original of which is on file in the General Assembly's Fiscal Research Division.

-Actuarial Note, The Segal Company, House Bill 214, "Retirement Technical Corrections Act of 2019-AB", March 6, 2019, original of which is on file with the State Health Plan for Teachers and State Employees and the General Assembly's Fiscal Research Division.

-Actuarial Note, The Segal Company, House Bill 626, "Realistic Evaluation of Actuarial Liabilities", April 15, 2019, original of which is on file with the State Health Plan for Teachers and State Employees and the General Assembly's Fiscal Research Division.

LEGISLATIVE ACTUARIAL NOTE – PURPOSE AND LIMITATIONS

This document is an official actuarial analysis prepared pursuant to Chapter 120 of the General Statutes and rules adopted by the Senate and House of Representatives. The estimates in this analysis are based on the data, assumptions, and methodology described above. This document only addresses sections of the bill that have projected direct actuarial impacts on State employee health benefit programs and does not address sections that have no projected actuarial impacts.

CONTACT INFORMATION

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